



# The Pan-European IPv6 IX Backbone Towards deployment of IPv6 in Telcos / ISPs



Jordi Palet (jordi.palet@consulintel.es)  
CEO/CTO - Consulintel  
Moscow, Nov. 2004



# Euro6IX: The Concept

- How to pronounce it: forget IX and read 6 (“SIX”)
- Build a large, scalable and native IPv6 Backbone of Traffic Exchanges, with connectivity across Europe and other IPv4/v6 Exchangers
- In order to promote and allow other players to trial v6 and port/develop key applications and services
- In order to break the chicken and egg issue !
- Gain REAL IPv6 experience, in a real world with not just research users, involving Telcos/ISPs/ASPs, among others: Allow new players into our trials
- Bring IPv6 into a production transit service

# Euro6IX Goal

- Support the fast introduction of IPv6 in Europe.
- Main Steps:
  - Network design & deployment
  - Research on network advanced services
  - Development of applications validated by user groups & international trials
  - Active dissemination:
    - participation in events/conferences/papers
    - contributions to standards
    - project web site

# Objectives

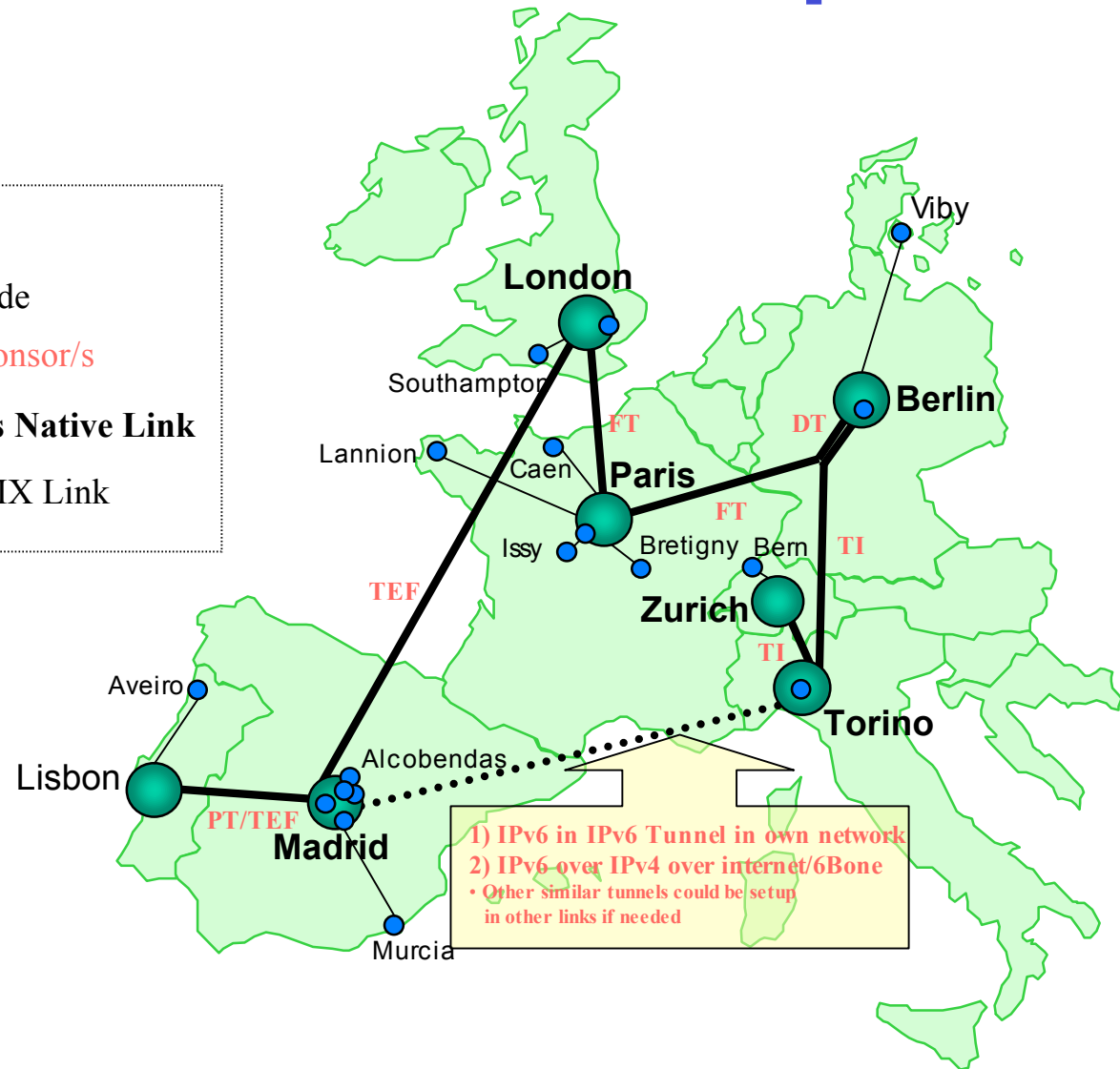
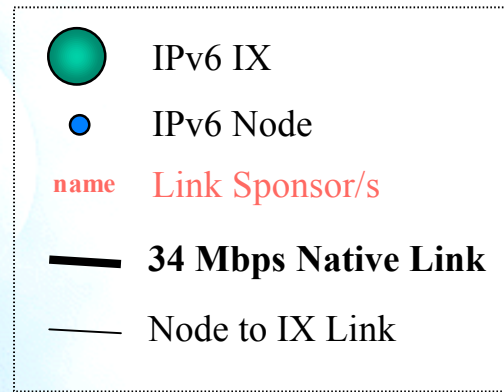
1. Research an appropriate architecture, to design and deploy the first Pan-European non-commercial IPv6 Internet Exchange Network.
2. Use this infrastructure to research, test and validate IPv6-based applications & services.
3. Open the network to specific User Groups for its validation in trials.
4. Dissemination, liaison and coordination with clusters, fora, standards organizations (e.g. IETF, RIPE) and third parties.



# Consortium Members (17)

- Telcos/ISPs (7):
  - Telecom Italia LAB (WP2 leader), Telefónica I+D (WP3 leader and project coordinator), Airtel-Vodafone, British Telecom Exact, T-Nova (Deutsche Telecom), France Telecom RD, Portugal Telecom Inovação
- Industrial (2):
  - 6WIND, Ericsson Telebit
- Universities (3):
  - Technical University of Madrid (WP4 leader), University of Southampton, University of Murcia
- Research, System Integrators and Consultancy (3):
  - Consulintel (WP1 leader and project coordinator), Telscom (WP5 leader), novaGnet systems
- Others (2):
  - Écija & Asociados Abogados, Eurocontrol

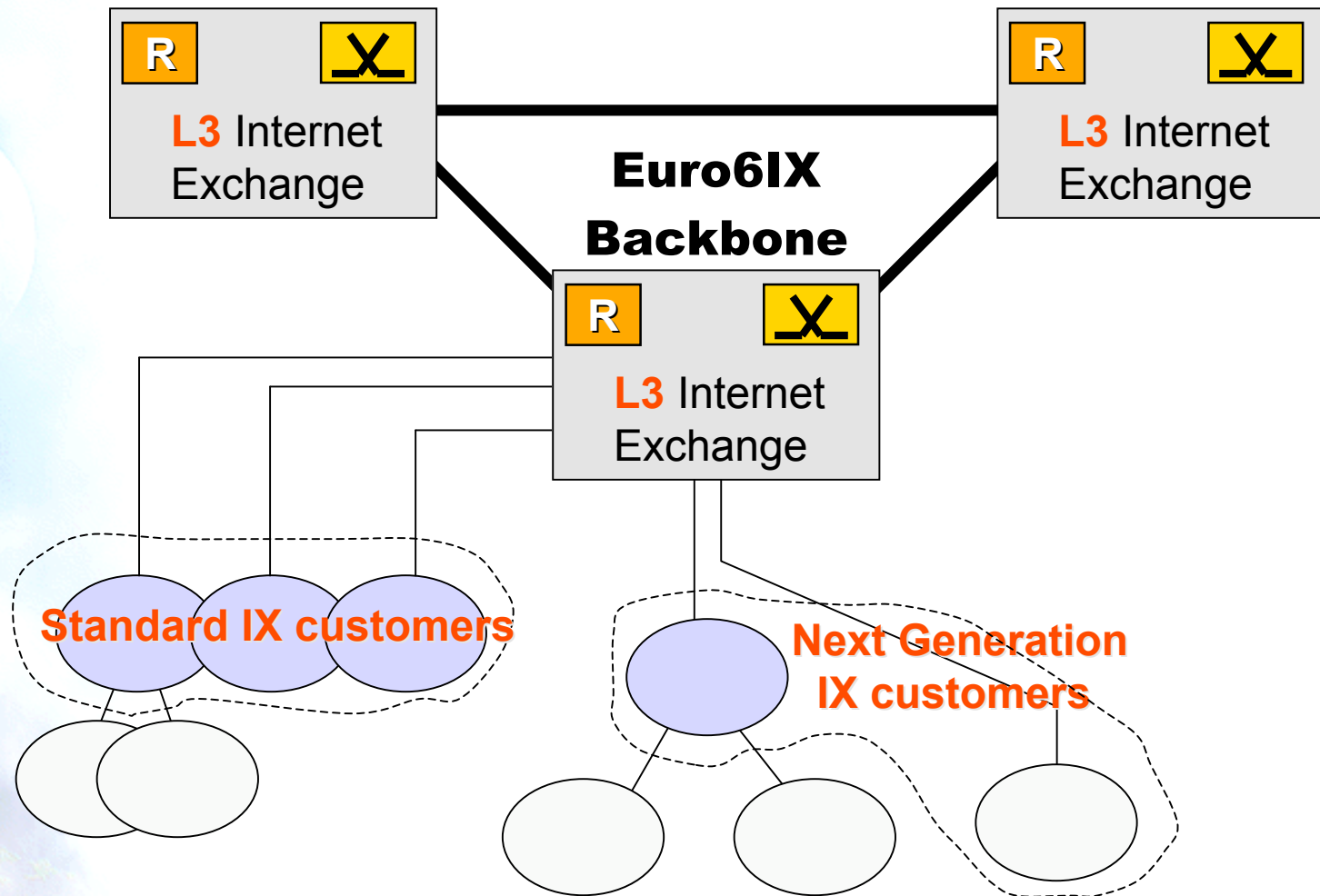
# Updated Network Map



# Layer 3 IX

- Infrastructure providing both layer 2 and layer 3 interconnection service.
- Several IXs can make direct peering offering also Wide Area Layer 3 transport as an Internet Service Provider. Every IXs will use an assigned xTLA prefix (x=p or s) to assign NLA prefixes to ISPs or customers connecting to the IX.
- Project partners will use their xTLA prefix to assign NAL to customers and regional ISP connecting to IX.

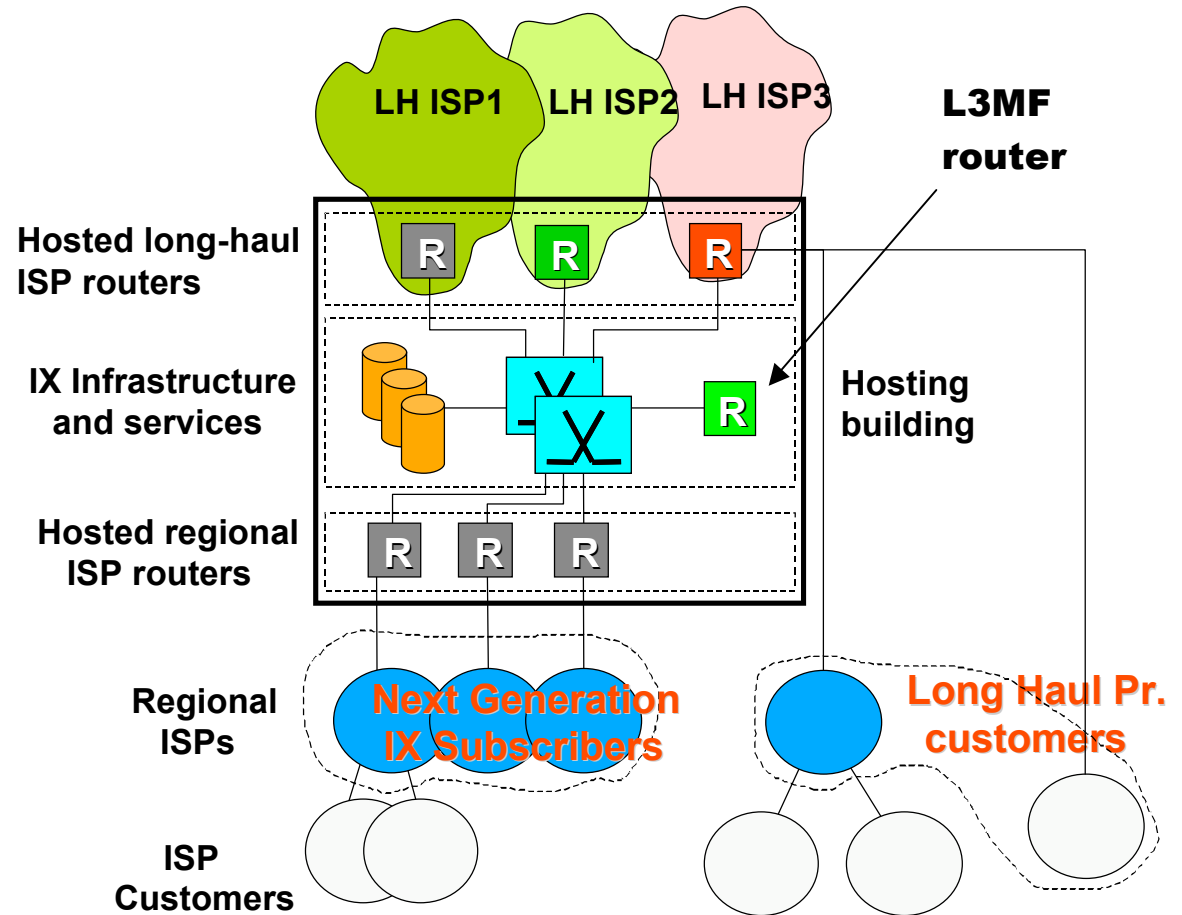
# Layer 3 IXs Network Architecture





# IX Model C

- L2 infrastructure (fully redundant) where the IX services are placed
- Routers infrastructure (long-haul providers and customers)
- Layer 3 mediation function router (L3MF) is the real new element of this model



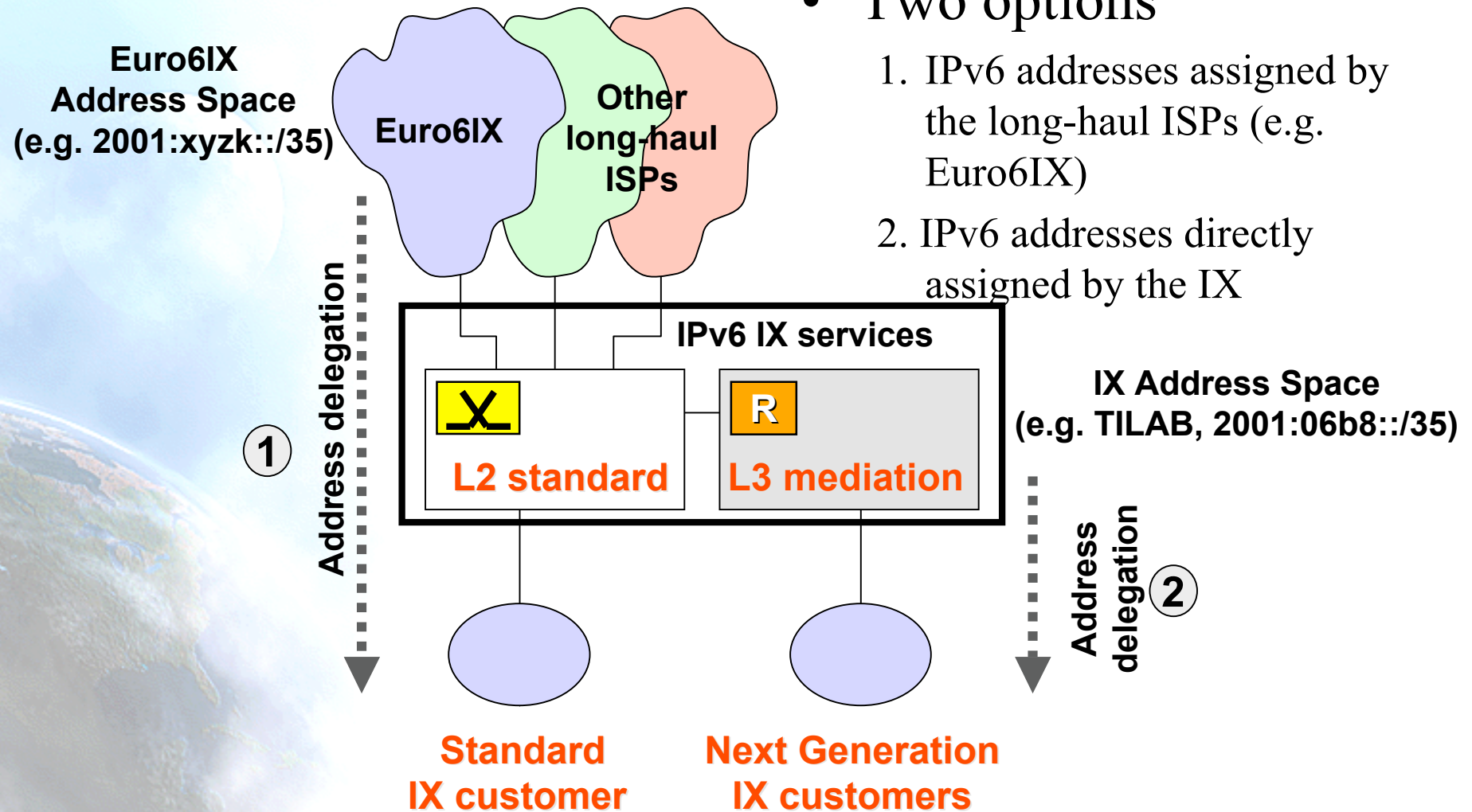
# RFC2374 Benefits

- This model is based on the RFC 2374 to verify that:
  - a customer could change its service provider without changing its addressing space
  - the renumbering functionality could be realized more easily (no renumbering in the better case)
  - the multihoming functionality could be realized more easily
- IX plays an intermediation role between the ISP and the customers (Layer 3 mediation function router)
- Routing:
  - iBGP+IGP: inside the Long Haul Provider
  - Euro6IX is the collection of the routers inside the IX emulating the LHP (single AS)
  - eBGP4+: between the customers and the IX
  - eBGP4+: between the IX and the LHPs

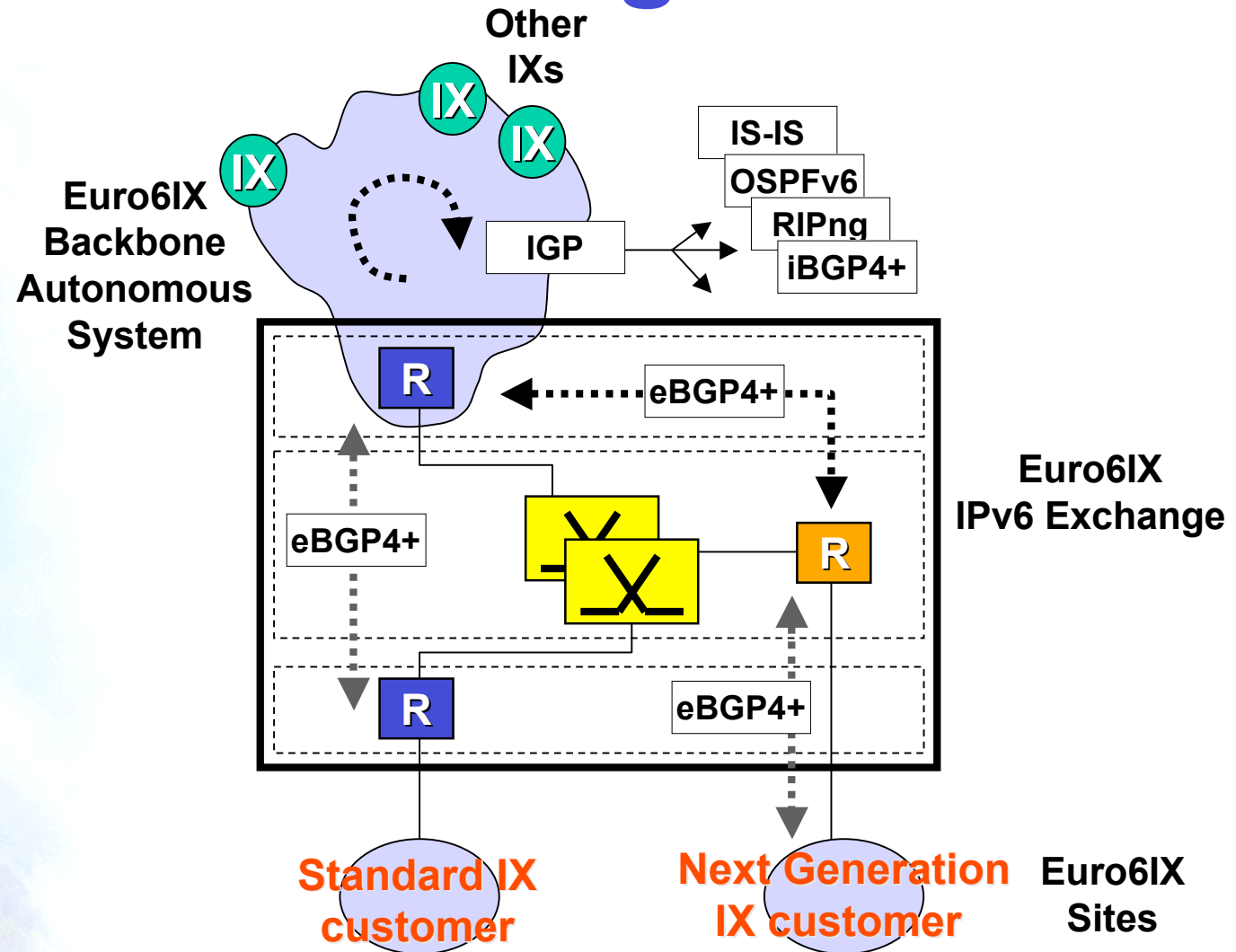
# Address Assignment

- Two options

1. IPv6 addresses assigned by the long-haul ISPs (e.g. Euro6IX)
2. IPv6 addresses directly assigned by the IX



# Routing





# Mobility

- Definition of mobility scenarios for IPv6
- Identification of macro-mobility technologies to be used in the test-beds
- First Identification and evaluation of available implementations for macro-mobility for a common platform
- Selection of access technologies to be used in the test-beds
- Every participant will design their own access network based on the available implementations identified before.

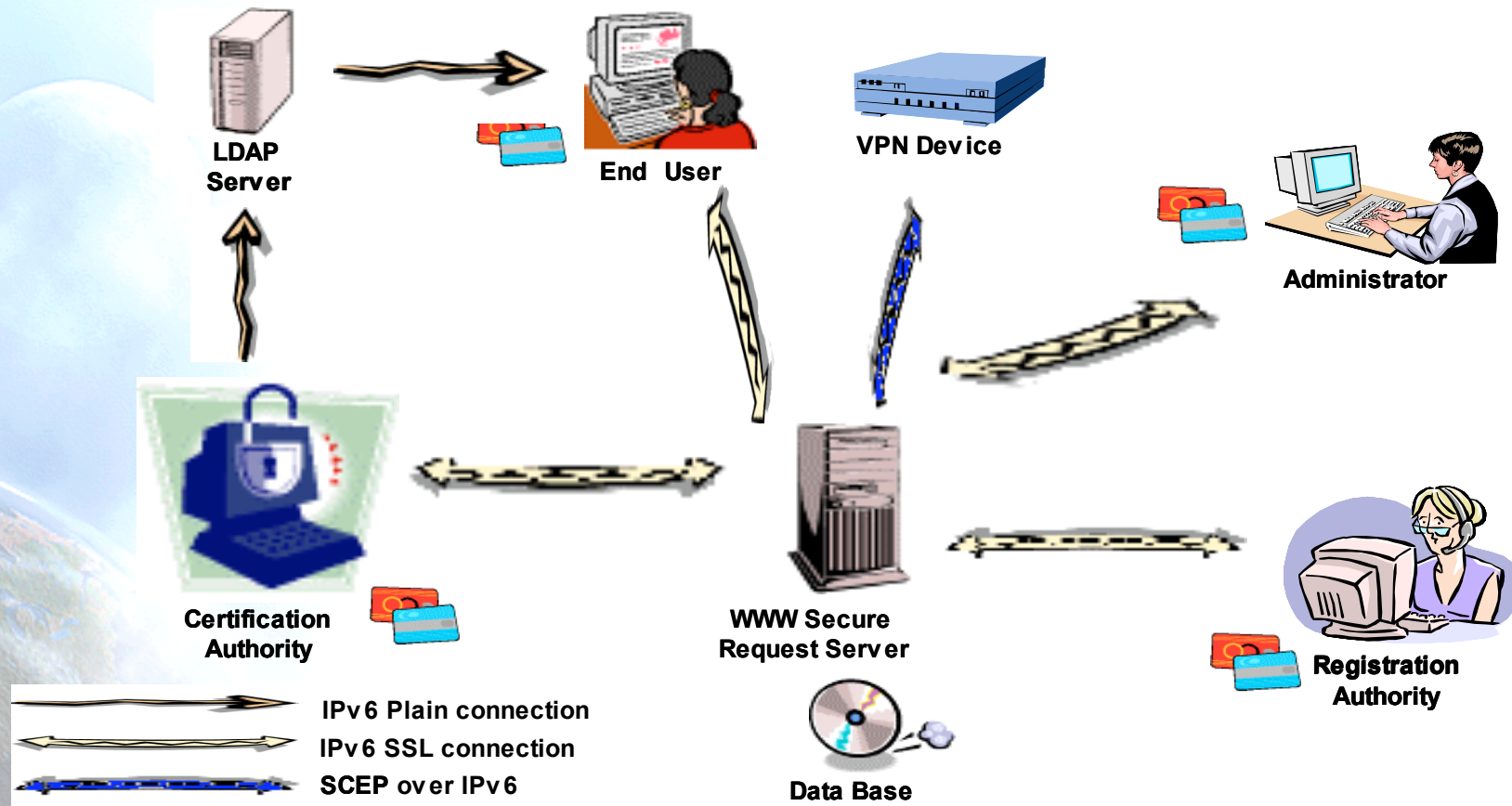
# Static and Dynamic VPNs with IPv6

- To evaluate the current status of the main open source IPsec/IKE implementations and some commercial IPsec/IKE solutions
- To deploy of a static VPN service in the Euro6IX test-bed
- Configuration and installations guides for IPsec/IKE
- Test reports of interoperability and conformance

# UMU – PKIv6 Description

- Main Objective: Establish a high security infrastructure for distributed systems
- Main Features:
  - PKI supporting IPv6
  - Developed in Java → Multiplatform
  - Issue, renew and revoke certificates
  - Final users can use either RAS or Web
  - LDAPv6 directory support
  - Use of smart cards (file system, RSA or Java Cards) ... allowing user mobility and increasing security
  - PKI Certification Policy support
  - VPN devices certification support (using the SCEP protocol)
  - Support for the OCSP protocol and Time Stamp
  - Web administration

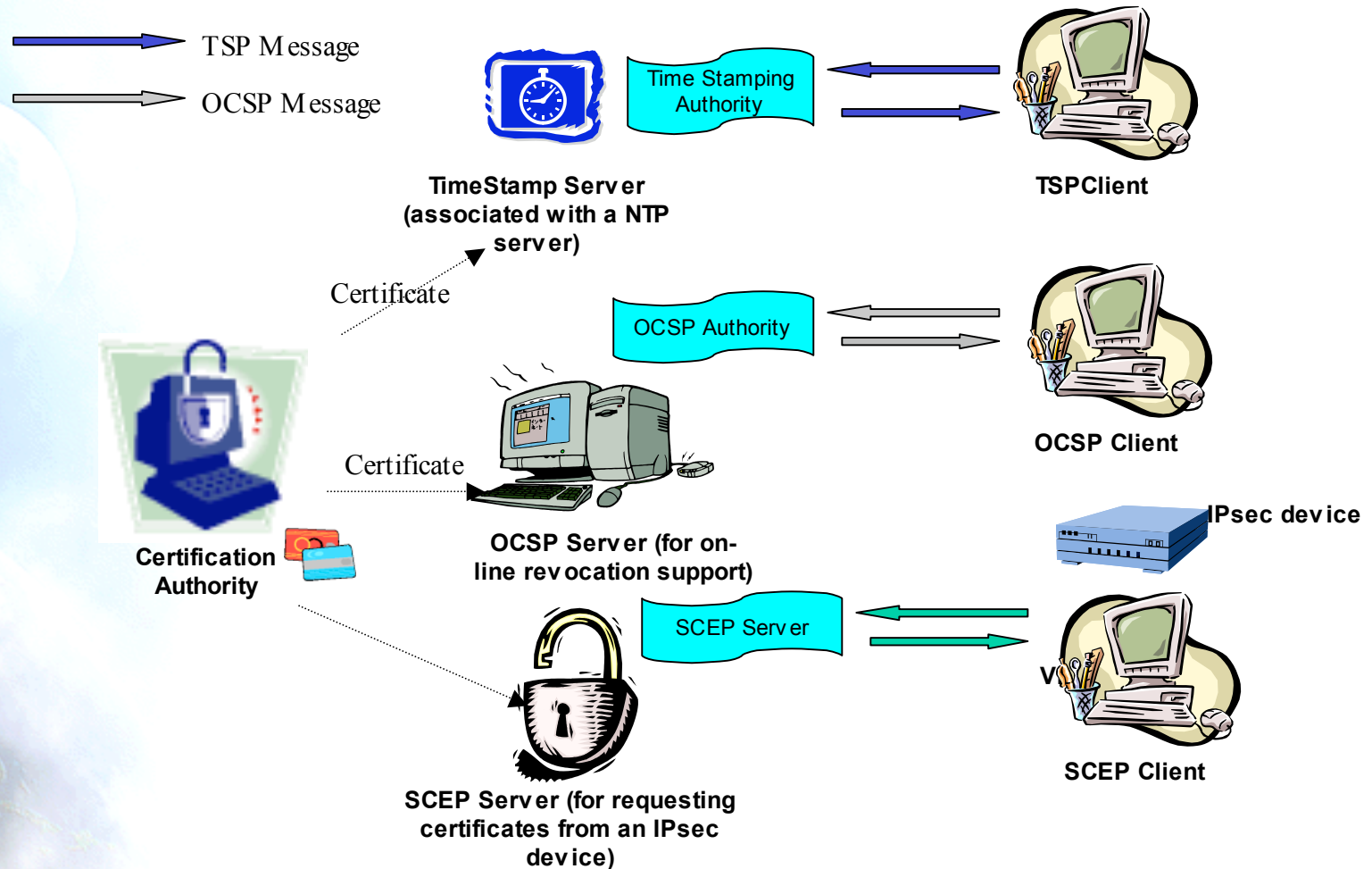
# UMU – PKIv6 Architecture



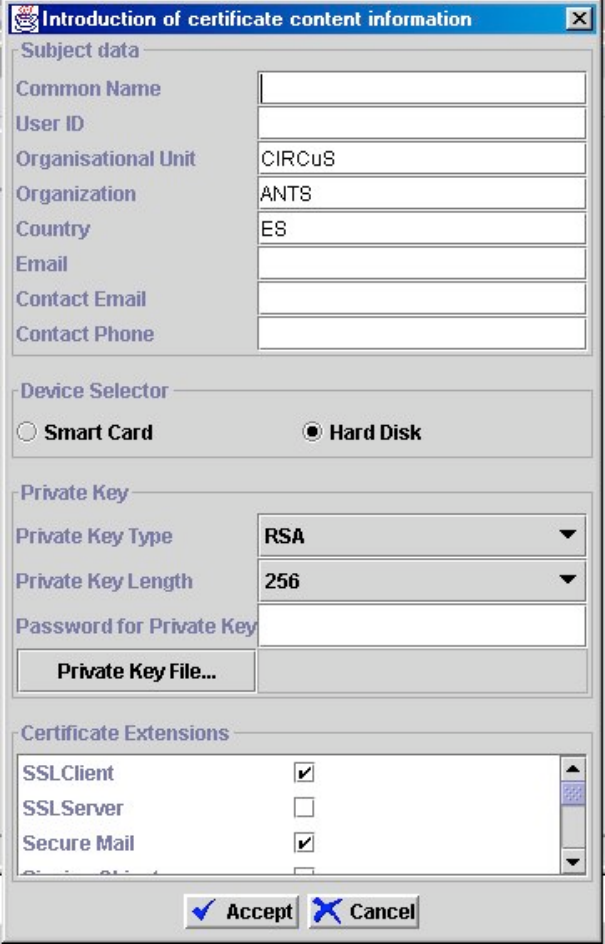
<https://pki.ipv6.um.es>



# UMU – PKIv6 Advanced Services



# UMU – PKIv6 RA Snapshot



Introduction of certificate content information

Subject data

Common Name:

User ID:

Organisational Unit: CIRCUS

Organization: ANTS

Country: ES

Email:

Contact Email:

Contact Phone:

Device Selector

☐ Smart Card ☒ Hard Disk

Private Key

Private Key Type: RSA

Private Key Length: 256

Password for Private Key:

Private Key File...

Certificate Extensions

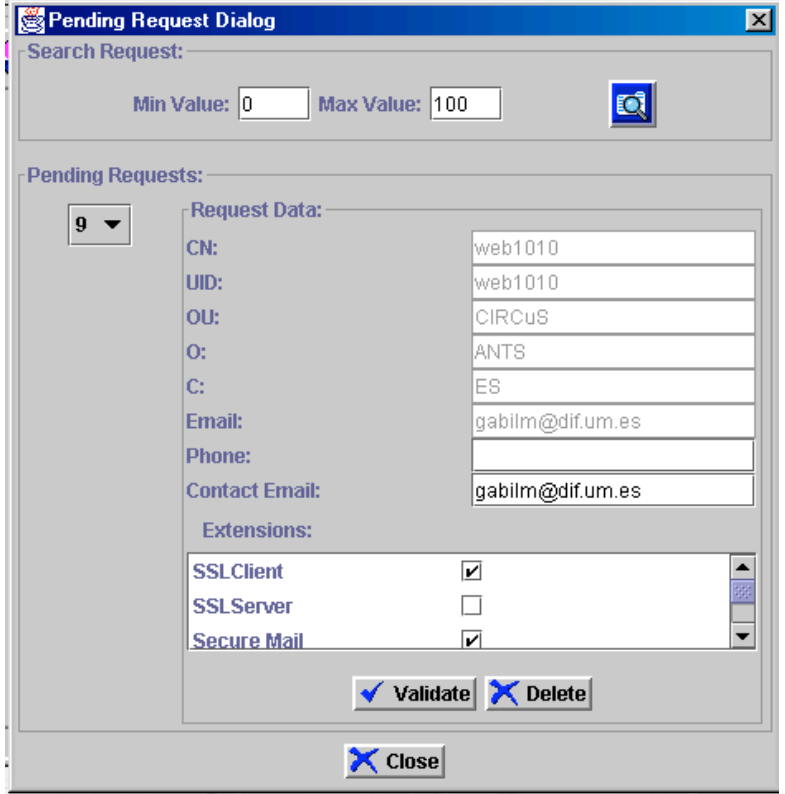
SSLClient ☒

SSLServer ☐

Secure Mail ☒

☒ Accept ☐ Cancel

Requesting a certificate



Pending Request Dialog

Search Request:

Min Value: 0 Max Value: 100

Pending Requests:

9

Request Data:

CN: web1010

UID: web1010

OU: CIRCUS

O: ANTS

C: ES

Email: gabilm@dif.um.es

Phone:

Contact Email: gabilm@dif.um.es

Extensions:

SSLClient ☒

SSLServer ☐

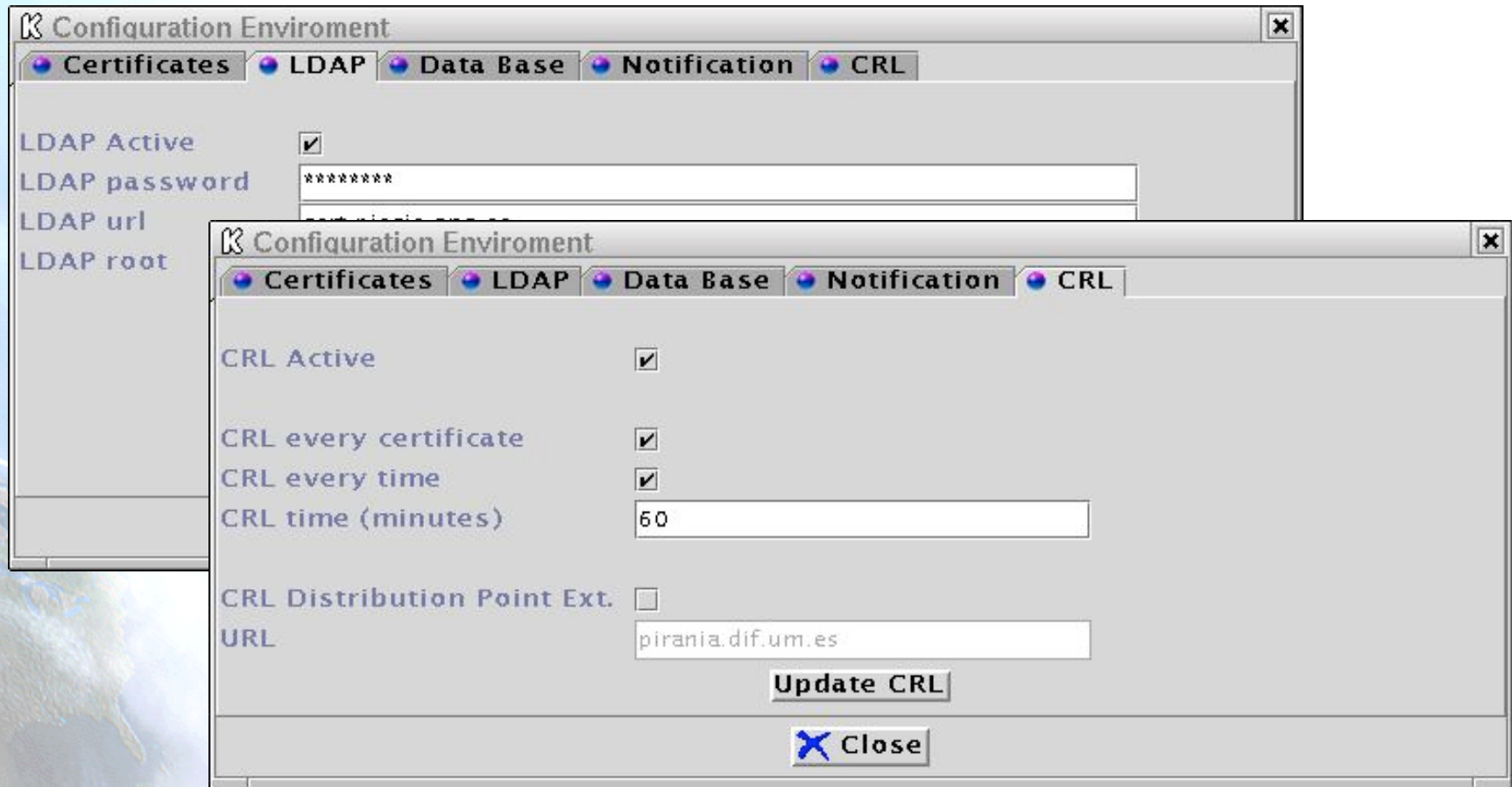
Secure Mail ☒

☒ Validate ☐ Delete

☐ Close

Validating a certificate

# UMU – PKIv6 CA Snapshot



CA Internal Management Process

# Other Applications

- Messaging Systems:
  - Peer-to-peer
- Audio and video-conferencing:
  - Include multi-conference and collaboration
- Web mail tools
- VNC over IPv6
- Network Management, Analysis, test & diag:
  - IPv6 Network Management Tool (Magalia)
  - Intrusion Detection System
  - Route Server



# IX Based Services

- IX becomes a place where new services are offered to the users.
- IX is an aggregation point, so it can provide those services who can benefit by this “user aggregation” (e.g. in a based multicast network, the RP could be located inside the IX, because a lot of users connect to it).
  - Network Services
    - Multicast, AAA, QoS, DNSSec
    - Transition Mechanisms: NAT-PT, Tunnel Broker, 6to4
    - Route Server mechanism
  - Application Services
    - HTTP, FTP, SMTP
    - VideoConference/e-learning services
    - P2P applications
  - Monitoring Services
    - Routing/Traffic/Reachability Monitoring (Magalia, AS-Path tree, Looking Glass)

# The UK6x (LON6IX)

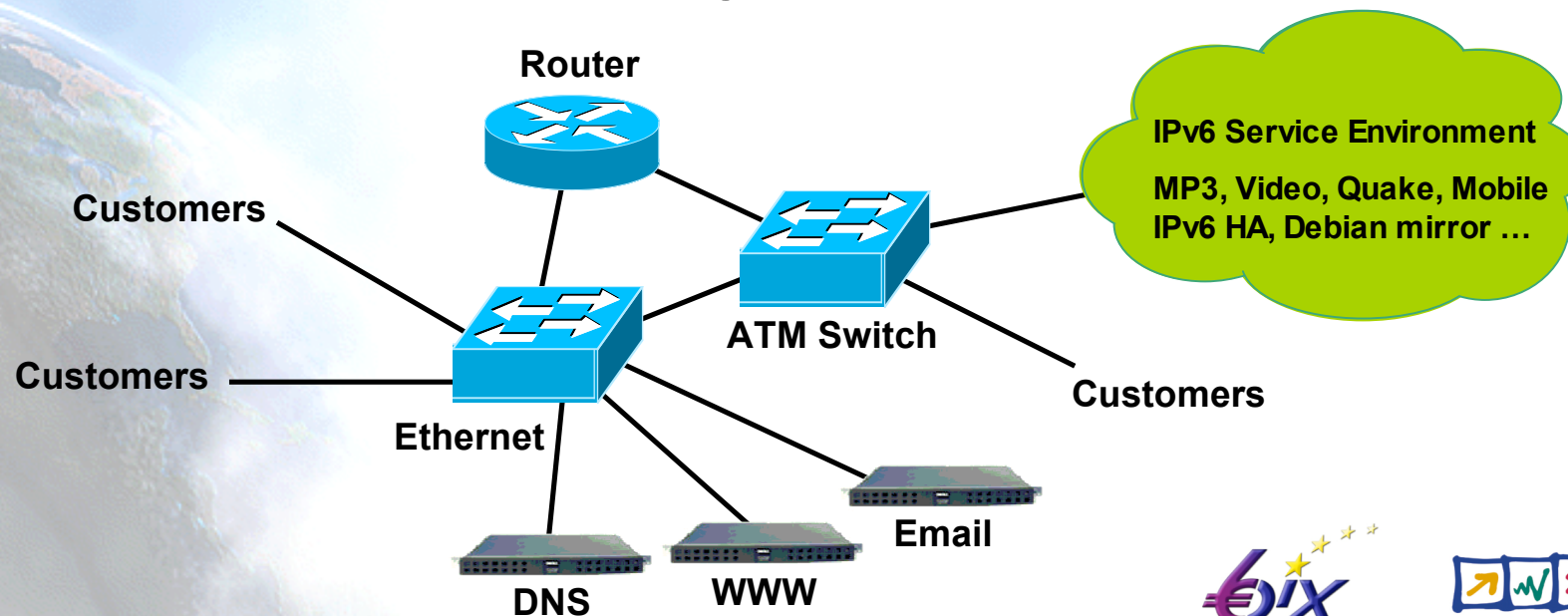


- Layer 2 & 3 IPv6 Internet exchange
- First in the UK
- Uses commercial IPv6 addresses
- Located at the heart of the UK Internet – Telehouse
- Open to all
- Primary aims are:
  - to stimulate the IPv6 environment in the UK, Europe and the World
  - to further the understanding of IPv6

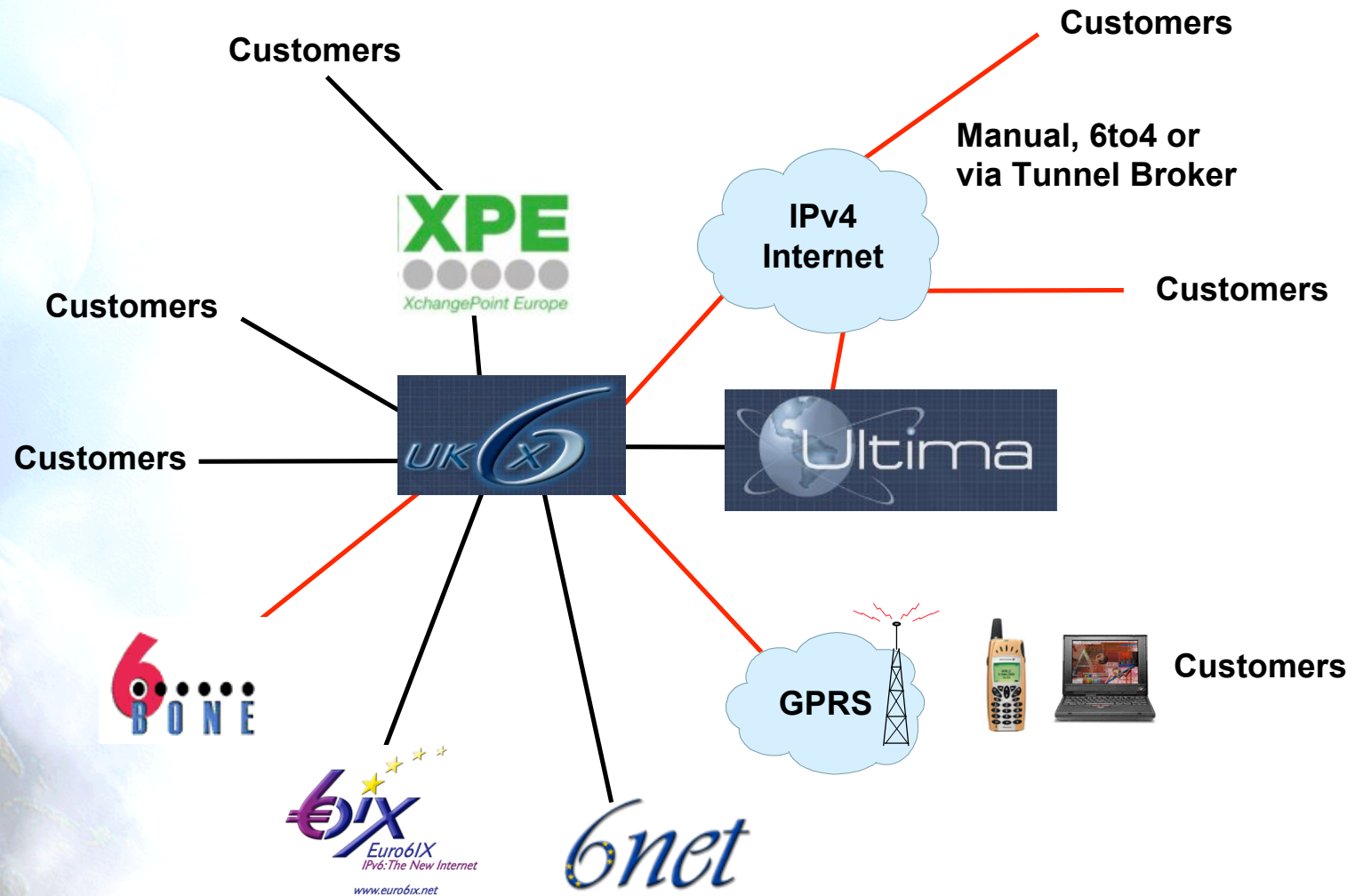
# UK6x Core Architecture



- Ethernet switch for Layer 2 peering
- ATM switch for additional customer access mechanisms
- Router for Layer 3 functionality
- 2001:618::/32 used for address allocation
- 2001:7F8:2::/48 used for infrastructure
- Maintenance via Looking Glass, ASpath-tree etc.



# UK6x Connectivity



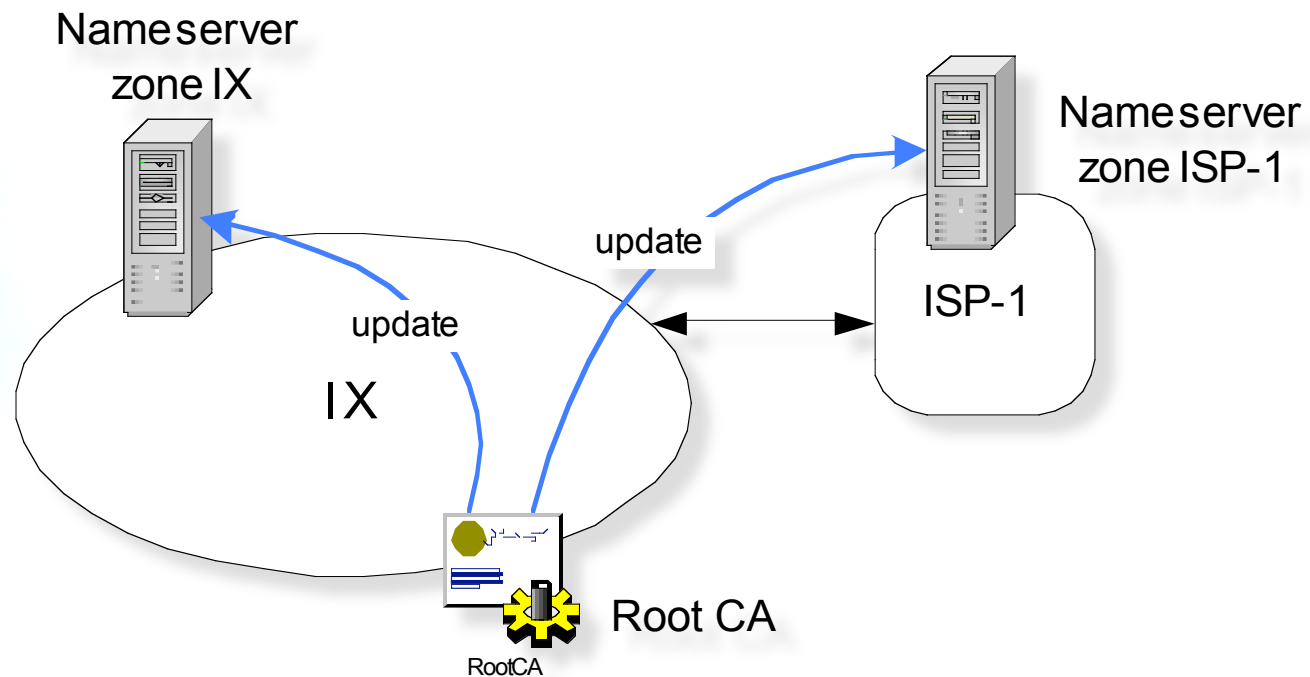


# DNSsec Services

- UPM is completing the DNS emulation environment
- Developing a complete set of DNSSEC example configurations using the emulation environment
- DNSSEC pilot work on setting-up and maintaining experiment between UMU, Consulintel and UPM
- Publishing certificates using DNSsec
  - Models analyzed to publish certificates:
    - TSIG Model: symmetric keys.
    - SIG Model: asymmetric keys.
  - Support in PKIv6:
    - PKIv6 supports TSIG Model
      - BIND 9.2.0 or newer for TSIG
    - PKIv6 will support SIG Model
      - BIND 9.3.0 (snapshot) for SIG(0)

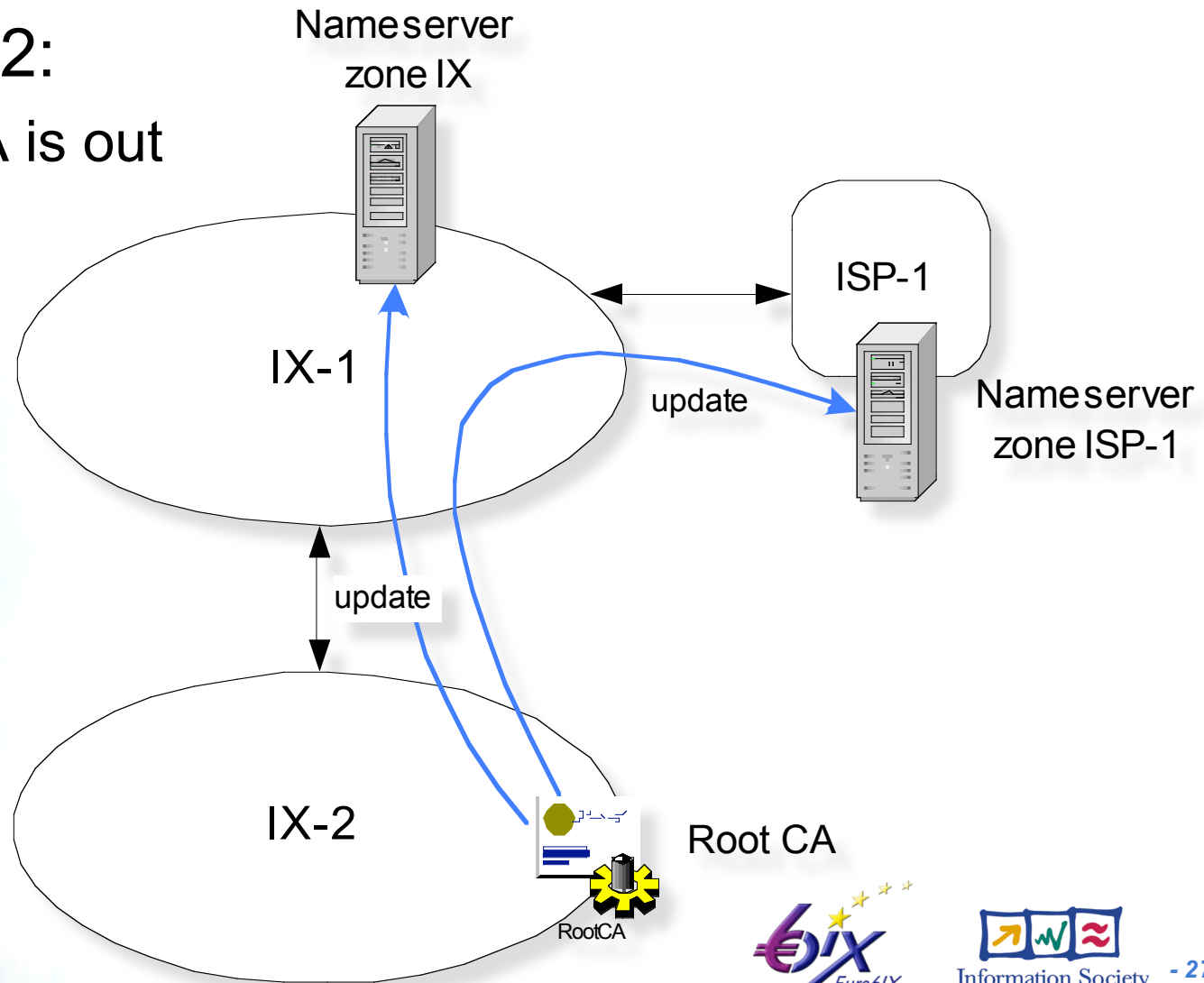
# IX service PKIv6 to publish certificates using DNSSEC

- Scenario 1:
  - Root CA and Name Server are together in the IX



# IX service PKIv6 to publish certificates using DNSSEC

- Scenario 2:
  - Root CA is out



# Security Framework

- General VPN Policy Definition. Tools VPNEtool
- Tested with UCL in 6NET-Euro6IX collaboration
- 6WIND VPN Enforcement element working, and being tested by 6WIND
- CISCO: Waiting CISCO IOS version that could be accessible with support for IPsec for IPv6. Actually working with IPv4



# Instant Messaging v1

- Jabber based
- Developed using Java
- Up to now, we have
  - Deployed and debug the Jabber IM server
  - Developed the GUI based IM client
  - Debugged the interaction of IM client and IM server
  - Migrated to IPv6 Internet
- IM Services include:
  - User management:
    - register/unregister; login/out;
  - Roster management:
    - add/delete friends
  - Messaging
  - Presence management
  - Group management:
    - join/leave group
  - Group chat

# Instant Messaging v2

- Client relayed multicast messaging
  - based on the Jabber address scheme
  - some clients can be configured to relay the chat messages
  - balance the store-forward load on the IM server
  - easily integrated to IM version 1
  - prototype implemented

# VOCAL

- Porting was undertaken within the Euro6IX project ([www.euro6ix.org](http://www.euro6ix.org))
  - But also in conjunction with 6NET ([www.6net.org](http://www.6net.org))
  - Work done by a researcher between degree and PhD
  - Being used in 6NET, 6WINIT and Euro6IX
  - Quality of VoIP depends largely on latencies in hardware
- Now moving to VOCAL+ENUM integration
  - A lot of issues to be sorted out

# Certification Publish and Request with DNSsec

```
PKIv6 Home Page - Mozilla
root@shire:~ - konsole
Archivo Sesiones Opciones Ayuda

[root@shire root]# dig CERT manuel.umu.euro6ix.org

;<<>> DiG 9.2.1 <<>> CERT manuel.umu.euro6ix.org
:: global options: printcmd
:: Got answer:
:: ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NXDOMAIN, id: 55523
:: flags: qr aa rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 0, AUTHORITY: 1, ADDITIONAL: 0

:: QUESTION SECTION:
:manuel.umu.euro6ix.org.          IN      CERT

:: AUTHORITY SECTION:
umu.euro6ix.org.                 3600    IN      SOA     dns.umu.euro6ix.org. gabilm,dif.um.es. 200210300 3600 600 8640

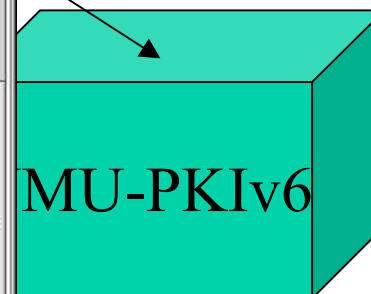
:: Query time: 10 msec
:: SERVER: 155.54.95.19#53(155.54.95.19)
:: WHEN: Mon Oct 13 18:29:14 2003
:: MSG SIZE rcvd: 96

[root@shire root]# dig CERT manuel.sigz.umu.euro6ix.org
:: Truncated, retrying in TCP mode.

;<<>> DiG 9.2.1 <<>> CERT manuel.sigz.umu.euro6ix.org
:: global options: printcmd
:: Got answer:
:: ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 43522
:: flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 6, AUTHORITY: 1, ADDITIONAL: 1

:: QUESTION SECTION:
:manuel.sigz.umu.euro6ix.org.    IN      CERT

:: ANSWER SECTION:
manuel.sigz.umu.euro6ix.org. 3600 IN      CERT    PKIX 16 0 TU1JREhEQ0NBb1dhQXkJQkFnSUJFREFOQmdrcWlhraUc5dzBCQVFR
dOpGVXpFUQOKTUEOR0ExVUVDaE1IW1hWekJ6 WnB1REVWUJNROExVUVDaE1NW1hWekJ6WnB1QOIwW1hOME1SVXdFd11E V1FRR0KRXd4RFF T
URNd09URXhNVEKx TxpJNFdoY05NRFF3T1Rfd01USTFNekk0V2pCQ0KTVFzd0NRWURWUvFH RXdKR1V6RVFNQ TRHQTFVRUNoTUhaWfZ5Ynpac
FZ5YnpacAOKZUNCMFpYT jBNUnd3R2dZRFZRUURFeE5RY25WbF1t RwdUbVYwYzJOaGNHvWdMUOF4TUZ3d0RRWUplb1pJaHZjTg0KQVFFQkJR Q
FIQ1g3RVBhWDFxUzBqWkNobEx3MEXB R0pNekJ1Vmoz5mZpdXh4VQOKWVFxcKo0a2puMkc3cU8rMnQ4U3h0aERP bVJmIT2pjcFN3ZWM5Y0p jQ0
HqTFVZAOK SUFSS01FZ3dSZ11JS3dZQkJRvUhbZOV3T2pBNEJnZ3JCZ0VGQ1F jQ0FS WxNhSF IwYORvdkwYzHZ jbWR2Y205MAOKYUM1MWJYVXV
selkybHpmMK53Y3k4d2dh0dDQ3NHQVFRk3RUJCSUdm TU1HYwOKTURhR0Nd0dBUVVGQnpBQ2hpeG9kSFJ3T2k4d1oyQX1aMj15 YjNSb0x
Wnk5duOKYVh0amFYTXZV2xo THpCZ0JnZ3JCZ0VGQ1F jQ0FZw1VhSF IwYORvdkwYzHZ jbWR2Y205MGFD NTF1WfV1W1hWekJ6WnB1QOIwW1hOME1SVXdFd11E V1FRR0KRXd4RFF T
1pY UXZjR2x6WTJsekxuQnJhUzVqWVM1elpYSjJiR1YwY3k1UAOKUTFOUvVt VnpjRz11WkdWu1CRUdDVONHUOFHRYtFSUJBuVFFQXdxJRThEQ
TFVZAOKRVFRYU1CaUNCbTFoYm5WbGJJRU9iV2R3 TwtCaGJIVXVkvZB1W1hNd0RRWUplb1pJaHZjTg0KQVFFQkJR QFIQ1g3RVBhWDFxUzBqWkNobEx3MEXB R0pNekJ1Vmoz5mZpdXh4VQOKWVFxcKo0a2puMkc3cU8rMnQ4U3h0aERP bVJmIT2pjcFN3ZWM5Y0p jQ0
VDL1Rzbn1PM0FpTE1I Mndjb1pLS1NZMngyY1doMTc0b3R4MAOKRU9VQ1hQcDhsTU5XYWd1MkRo OFR4ZF 1UMXRLVXdrTFM5MG9jWE9neE5WV1
hiTwOKVhDdRjJuk1NL Ym5DRXkzckZCaGpSNVRuSkJBd3BKUEU20TRr aEp4eGpxND0=
```

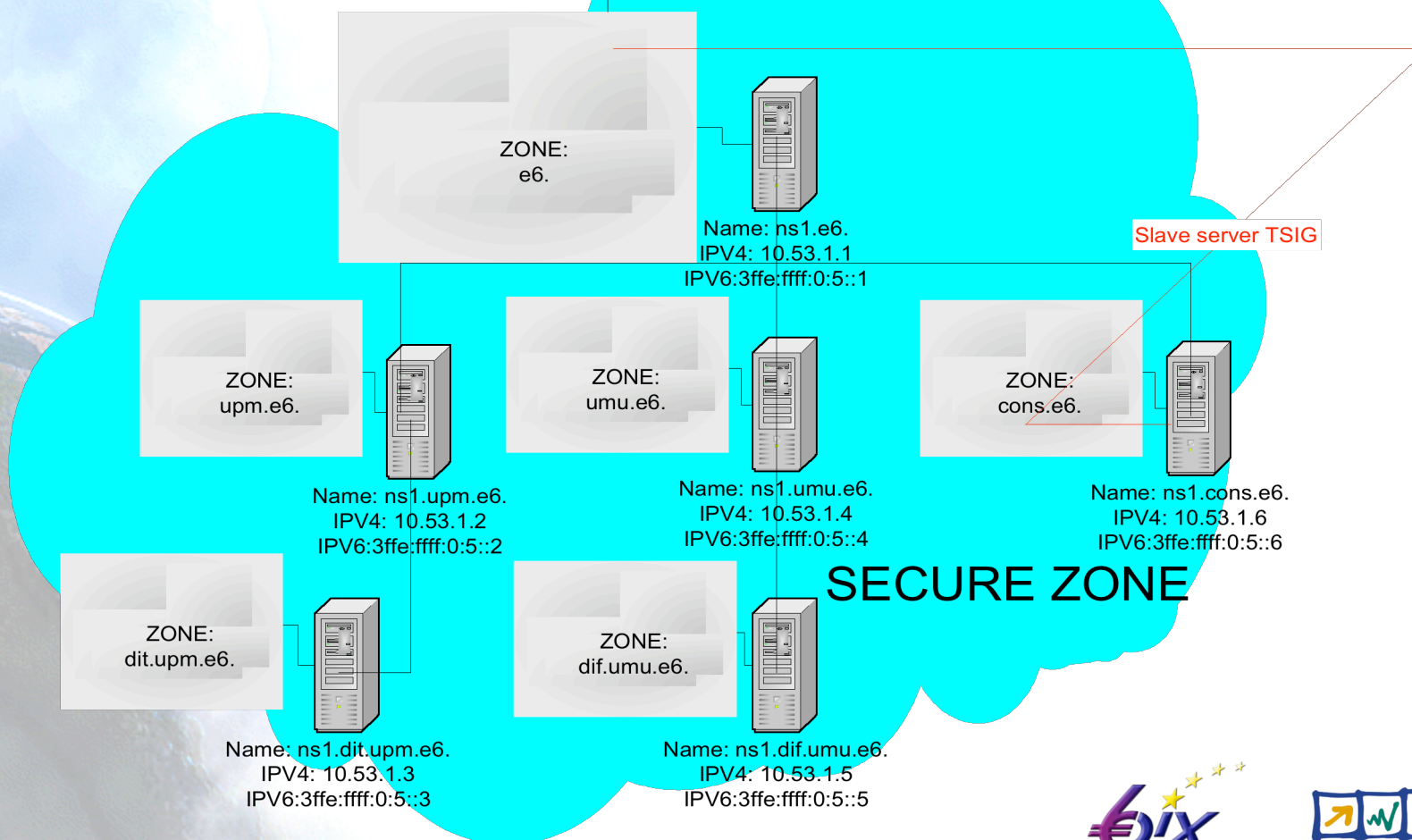


DNSSec

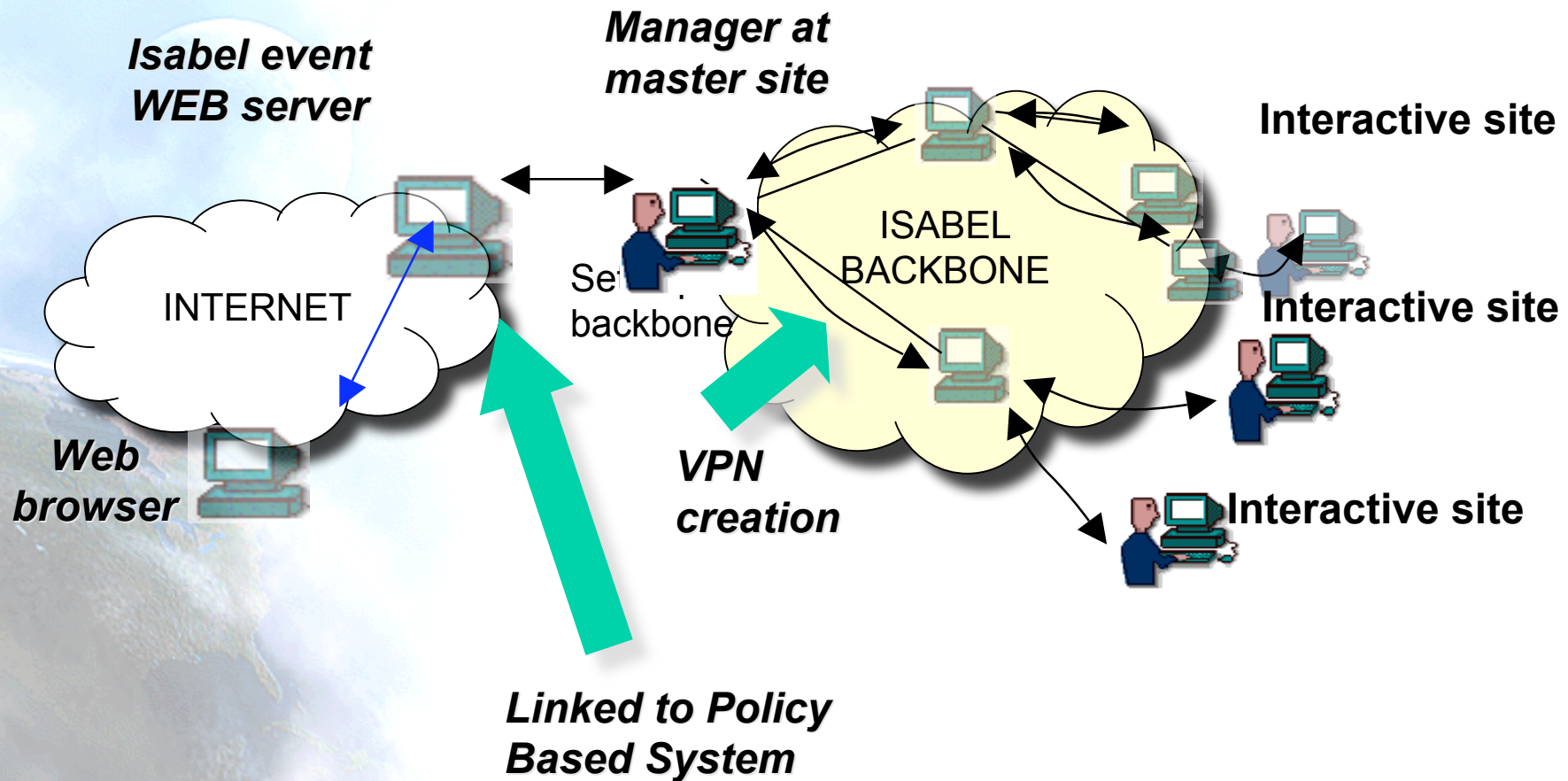


# Scenario

- Complete DNSSEC hierarchy under .e6 with IPv6 and IPv4 support and a master/slave relation secured using TSIG

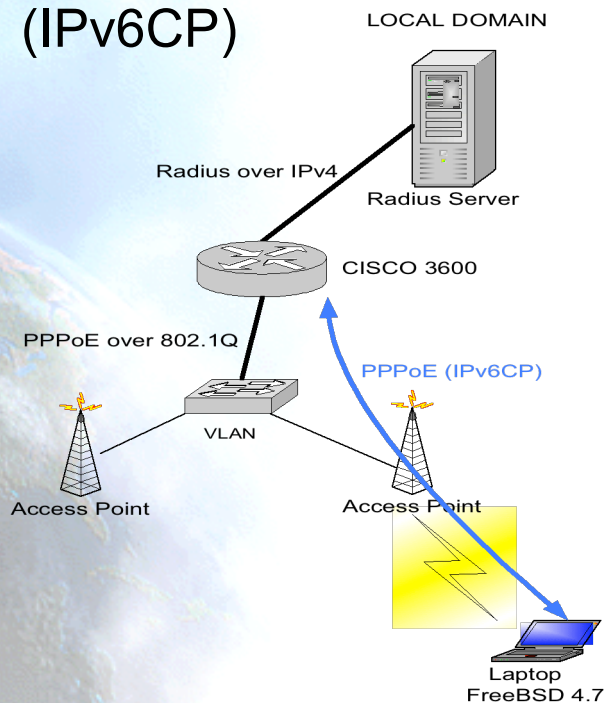


# XEDL: Session Management Tool



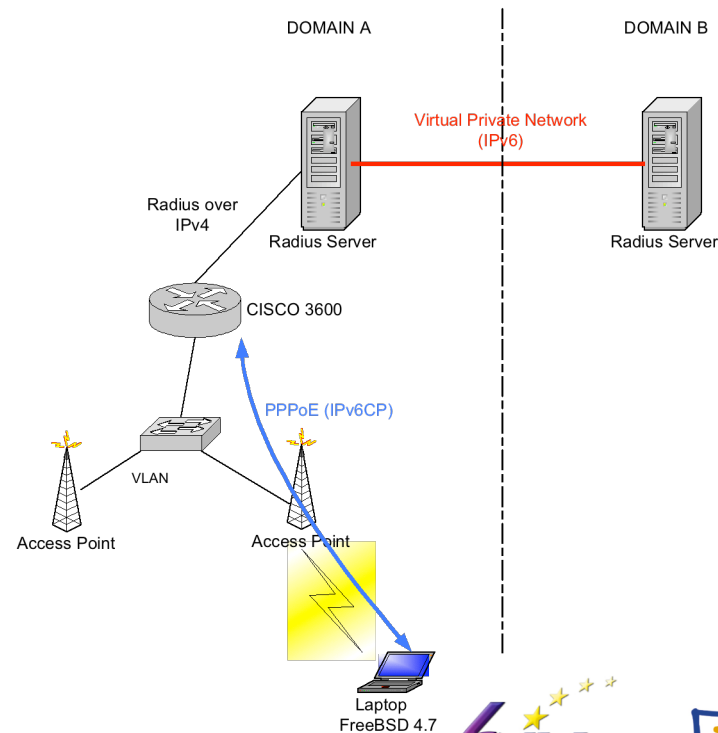
# User Auth. DSL, PPP connections based on IPv6

- First scenario:
  - Unique domain
  - End-user is authenticated
  - End-user obtains a prefix (IPv6CP)

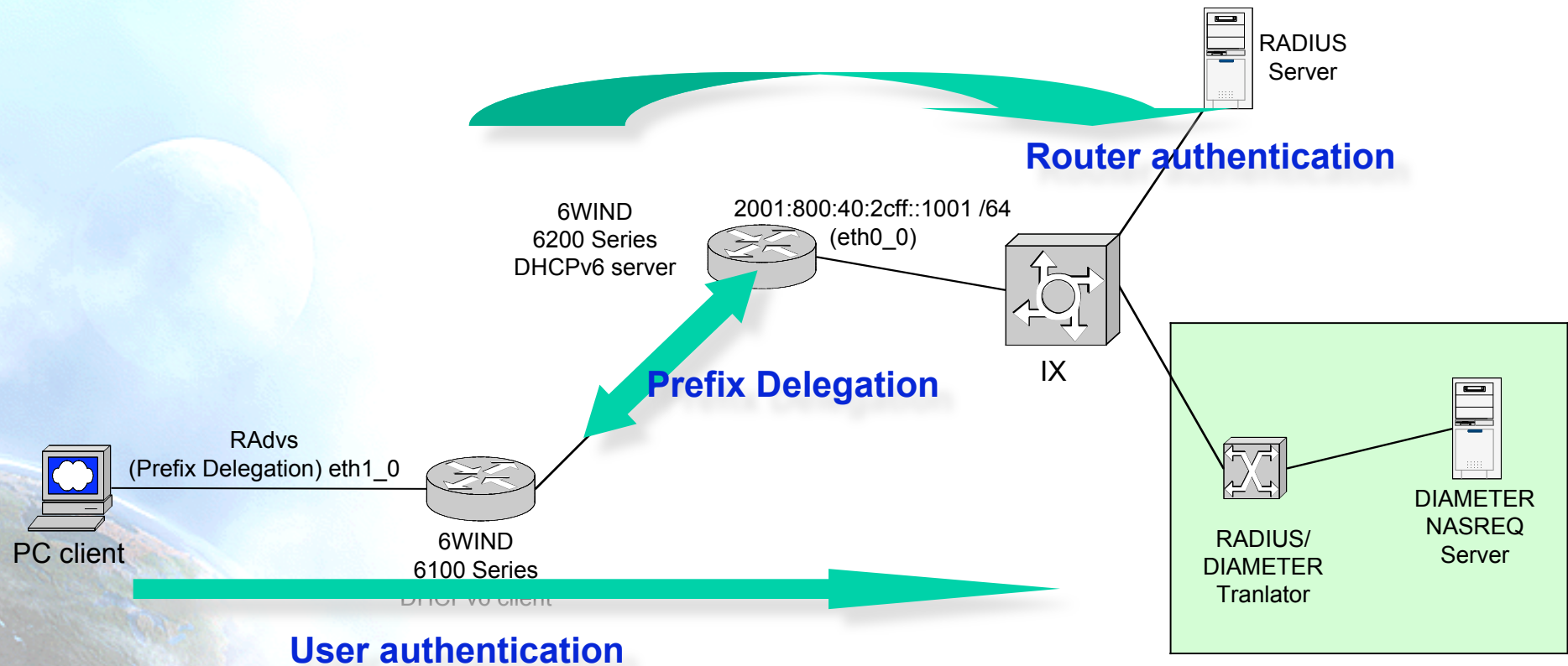


- ◆ Second scenario:

- several domains
- Security between Radius servers is a concern => VPN



# RADIUS/DIAMETER Translator

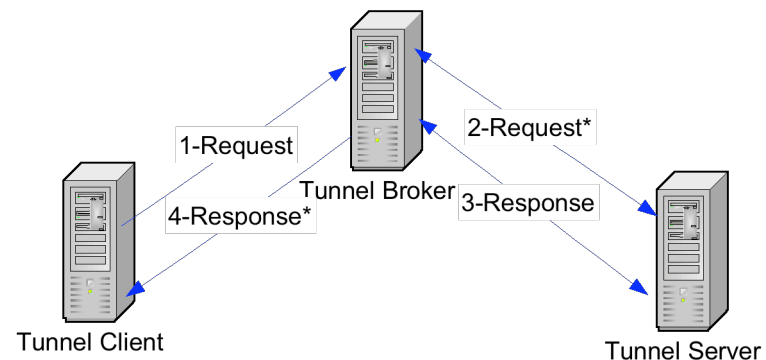
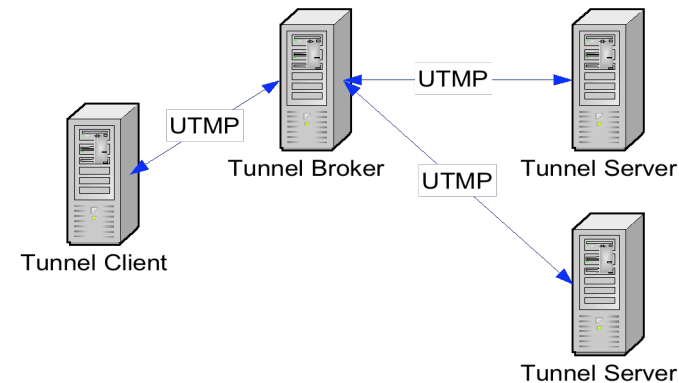


- **Future:** PANA Protocol for carrying Authentication for Network Access (PANA) and DIAMETER Protocol that allows clients to authenticate themselves to the access network using IP protocols
- *Collaboration with PANA-developers for integration with DIAMETER pure scenario.*



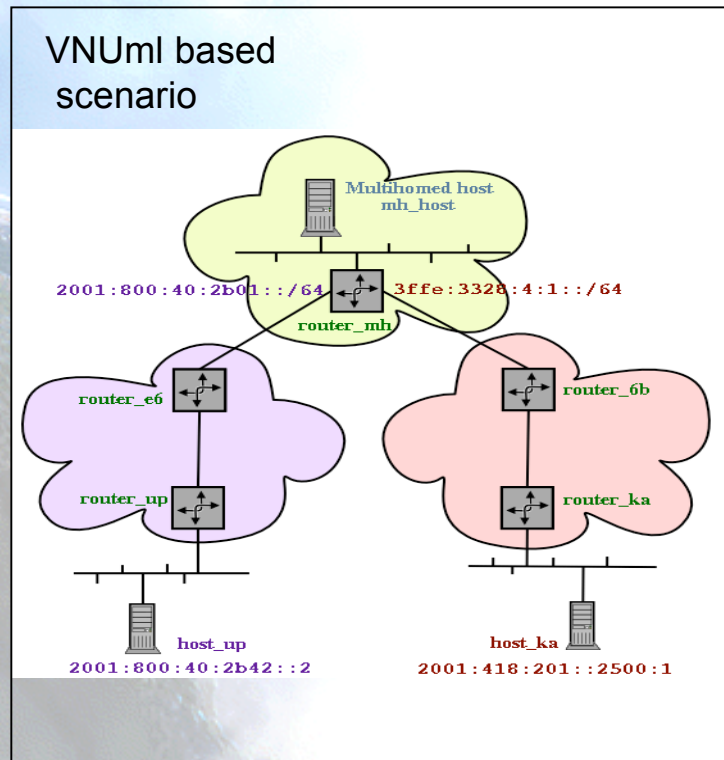
# Extended TB architecture

- Integrate new functionality over TB RFC
- Supports entities authentication (Integration with PKIv6)
- UMTMP Universal Tunnel Management Protocol
  - used between all devices
  - messages can be “secured” using signs
  - supports several tunnel types (IPv6 in IPv4, IPv6 over UDP, IPSECv6 tunnels)



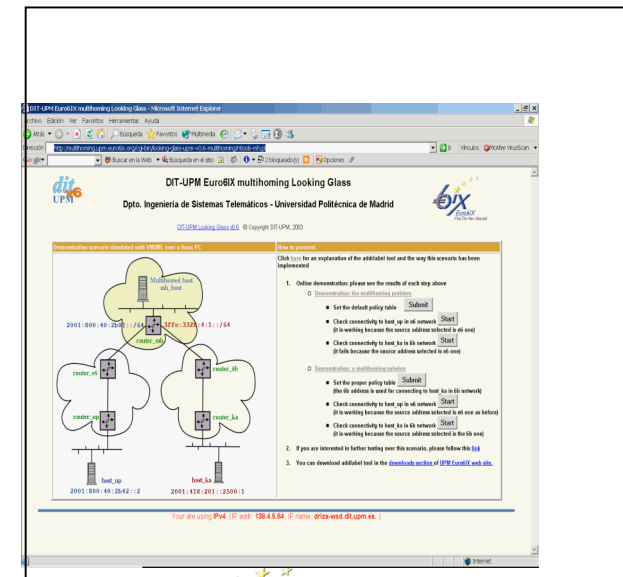
# Multihoming demonstration

Linux web server with an adapted version of Looking Glass

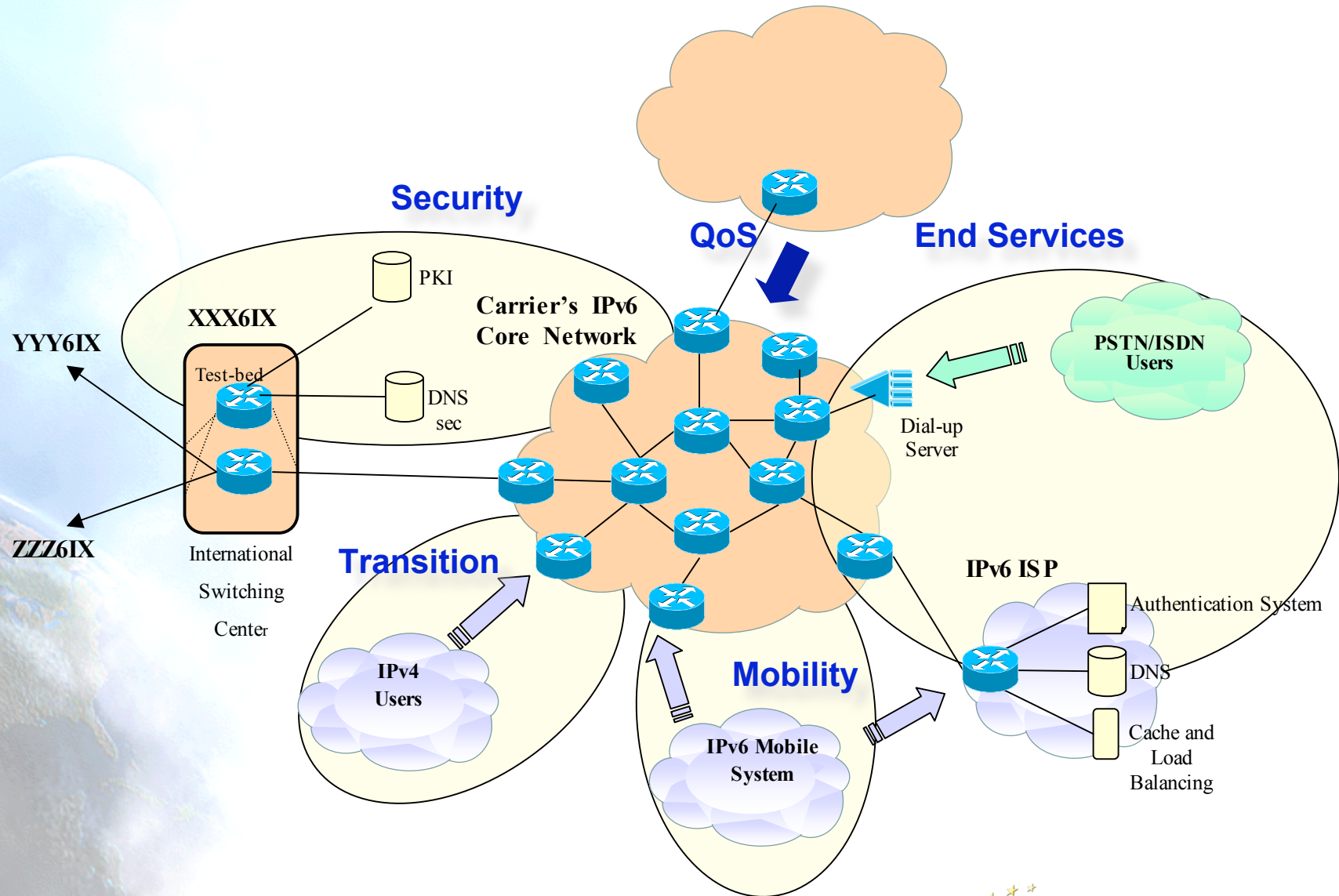


Euro6IX network

IPv6 enabled web browser



# Advanced Services Vision



# Thanks !

## Contact:

- Jordi Palet (Consulintel): [jordi.palet@consulintel.es](mailto:jordi.palet@consulintel.es)

- Madrid 2005 IPv6 Summit, soon more info at:  
<http://www.ipv6-es.com>

- Euro6IX Project Coordinators  
([coordinators@euro6ix.org](mailto:coordinators@euro6ix.org)):

- Jordi Palet Martínez (Consulintel):
- Carlos Ralli Ucendo (Telefónica I+D):

[jordi.palet@consulintel.es](mailto:jordi.palet@consulintel.es)

[ralli@tid.es](mailto:ralli@tid.es)